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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/009,304	0/009,304 11/18/2003		Tohru Haruna	1858-30	5939
23117	7590	04/06/2006		EXAMINER	
		RHYE, PC	SHIAO, REI TSANG		
	901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1626	
				DATE MAILED: 04/06/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/009,304	HARUNA ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Robert Shiao	1626			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depend for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>responsive</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.				
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5) □ 6) ⊠ 7) □ 8) □ Applicat i 9) □ 10) □	Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or is/are specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceeding a content of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement of the oath or declaration is objected to be objected to be objected to be objected to be o	r election requirement. r. epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2)	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				

Application/Control Number: 10/009,304 Page 2

Art Unit: 1626

DETAILED ACTION

1. This application claims benefit of the foreign application:

JAPAN 11/168864 with a filing date 06/15/1999. It is also noted that Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome the following rejections based on 103(a) and 102(e) because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

- 2. Amendment of claims 1-4 and addition of claims 5-6 in the amendment filed on March 03, 2006, is acknowledged. No new matter is found. Claims 1-6 are pending in the application. Since the newly added claims 5-6 rare commensurate with the scope of the invention, therefore, claims 1-6 are prosecuted in the case.
- 3. A declaration under rule CFR 1.132 filed on March 03, 2006, is acknowledged. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02. The oath or declaration is defective because: it does not include the notary's signature, i.e., Tohru Haruna's signature.

Responses to Amendment/Arguments

- 4. The rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first or second paragraph, has been overcome in the amendment filed on March 03, 2006.
- 5. Applicant's arguments regarding rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) or (b) over Takahashi et al. US 6,184,275, Nakamura et al. US 6,153,715, or Nakahara et al. US 4,463,113, filed on March 03, 2006, have been fully considered and they are

Art Unit: 1626

persuasive. Since the physical characteristics of the instant nucleating agent has not been disclosed in above prior arts, therefore, rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) or (b) is withdrawn herein.

6. Applicant's arguments regarding rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Nakamura et al. US 6,153,715, filed on March 03, 2006, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Nakamura et al. '715 is 102 (e) reference. The filing date of Nakamura et al. '715 is September 17, 1998, which is prior to the instant foreign priority date, i.e., June 15, 1999. Moreover, to demonstrate unobviousness, applicants must show unexpected result stemming from the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al. in form of mechanical advantages of the instant compositions over the compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al.

Rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) is maintained. The newly added dependent claims 5-6, are also rejected along with claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Applicant's arguments regarding rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Takahashi et al. US 6,184,275, filed on March 03, 2006, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Nakamura et al. '275 is 102 (e) reference. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Takahashi et al. US 6,184,275.

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art

Art Unit: 1626

only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the reference is disqualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(I)(1) and § 706.02(I)(2).

However, to demonstrate unobviousness, applicants must show unexpected result stemming from the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al. in form of mechanical advantages of the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al.

Rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) is maintained. The newly added dependent claims 5-6, are also rejected along with claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

8. Applicant's arguments regarding rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Nakahara et al. US 4,463,113, filed on March 03, 2006, have been fully considered. but they are not persuasive. To demonstrate unobviousness over Nakahara et al. '113,

applicants must show unexpected result stemming from the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakahara et al. in form of mechanical advantages of the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al.

Rejection of claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) is maintained. The newly added dependent claims 5-6, are also rejected along with claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Double Patenting

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 1626

10. Claims 1-6 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of Takahashi et al. US 6,184,275.

Applicants claim a crystalline resin compositions comprising a compound phosphoric acid of formula (I) having average aspect ratio of 10 or less.

Takahashi et al. claim a crystalline resin (i.e., polymer) compositions comprising

Page 6

organic phosphoric acid compounds of formula (I), which is 0.01 to 3 parts by weight.

The difference between instant compositions and Takahashi et al. is that the variable n of instant compounds of formula (I) represents 1 or 2, while Takahashi et al. represents 1 at the same position. Takahashi et al. compound No. 1 on column 3, reads on the compound of the instant claim 4.

One having ordinary skill in the art would find the claims 1-6 prima facie obvious because one would be motivated to employ the nucleating agent or compositions of Takahashi et al. to obtain instant compositions comprising compounds of formula (I), wherein an average aspect ratio of 10 or less of compounds of formula (I) are incorporated into the instant compositions. To demonstrate unobviousness over Nakahara et al. '113, applicants must show unexpected result stemming from the

instant compositions over the compositions of Nakahara et al. in form of mechanical advantages of the instant compositions over the compositions of Nakamura et al.

The motivation to make the claimed nucleating agent or compositions derives from the expectation that the instant claimed compositions from known Takahashi et al. compositions would possess similar activity (i.e., improving strength or transparency of the resin) to that which is claimed in the reference.

11. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert Shiao whose telephone number is (571) 272-0707. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph K. McKane can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Joseph K. McKane

Supervisory Patent Examiner

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Robert Shiao, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Art Unit 1626

March 30, 2006